Attorney Docket No.: KNAUTHE-09734

## STATUS OF THE CLAIMS

- 1.-15. Cancelled.
- 16. (Original) A method of treating tumor, viral or bacterial infections or inflammatory diseases comprising of:
  - (a) contacting NK-cells with tumor cells bearing Hsp70 on their surface or cells affected by said infection or inflammation and bearing Hsp70 on their surface;
  - (b) allowing granzyme B to enter said cells via ion channels formed by said Hsp70 on the cell surface; and
  - (c) allowing said cells to undergo apoptosis as a result of the enzymatic activity of granzyme B.
- 17. (Original) A method treating tumor, viral or bacterial infections or inflammatory diseases comprising of:
  - (a) contacting tumor cells bearing Hsp70 on their surface or cells affected by said infection or inflammation and bearing Hsp70 on their surface with granzyme B;
  - (b) allowing granzyme B to enter said cells via ion channels formed by said Hsp70 on the cell surface; and
  - (c) allowing said cells to undergo apoptosis as a result of the enzymatic activity of granzyme B.
- 18. (Currently amended) The method of claim 16 <del>or 17</del>, wherein granzyme B is administered in a final concentration of 1μg/ml to 500μg/ml.
- 19. (Currently amended) The method of claim 16 or 17, wherein granzyme B is administered in a final concentration of 1ng/ml to 10 ng/ml.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein granzyme B is administered in a final concentration of about 6 ng/ml.
- 21.-23. Cancelled.

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24. (Currently amended) The use of any one of claims 12 to 15, 21 or 22 or the method of any one of claims 16-to 22, wherein the viral infection is an infection by HIV or Hepatitis virus.

- 25. (New) The method of claim 17, wherein granzyme B is administered in a final concentration of 1μg/ml to 500μg/ml.
- 26. (New) The method of claim 17, wherein granzyme B is administered in a final concentration of lng/ml to 10 ng/ml.
- 27. (New) The method of claim 26 wherein granzyme B is administered in a final concentration of about 6 ng/ml.
- 28. (New) The method of claim 17, wherein the viral infection is an infection by HIV or Hepatitis virus.